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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION

RUBY NELL FREEMAN,

Plaintiff,
v.

ABC LEGAL SERVICES, INC., a Washington corporation; GRANVILLE EWING SMITH, III, individually and in his official capacity; and DOES 1 through 10, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. 3:11-CV-03007-EMC

FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

15 United States Code § 1692 *et seq.*
California Civil Code § 1788 *et seq.*
California Bus. and Prof. Code § 17200

17 Plaintiff, RUBY NELL FREEMAN, based on information and belief and investigation of
18 counsel, except for those allegations which pertain to the named Plaintiff or her attorneys (which are
19 alleged on personal knowledge), hereby makes the following allegations:
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INTRODUCTION

21 1. The Defendants in this case are process servers who have engaged in the
22 ignominious¹ and shoddy² practice of “sewer service” – i.e., failing to serve a debtor and filing a
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25 ¹ *Velazquez v. Thompson*, 451 F.2d 202, 204 (2d Cir. 1971) (“‘Sewer service’ is an ignominious practice
26 which is not limited to summary proceedings for the eviction of tenants but is also employed in suits on
27 installment payment contracts for personal property permitting repossession and garnishment, providing
28 a fertile field for the fleecing of the poor and the disadvantaged.”).

² *Kovalesky v. A.M.C. Associated Merchandising Corp.*, 551 F. Supp. 544, 546 (S.D.N.Y. 1982)
29 (“[S]ewer service’ constitutes shoddy practice. It delays the process of justice and must be
30 discouraged. This court has discretion to do just that.”).

1 fraudulent affidavit attesting to service so that when the debtor later fails to appear in court, a default
 2 judgment can be entered against her.³

3 In jurisdictions where process need not be served by a public official, the bulk of the
 4 business of serving process gravitates into the hands of professional process servers.
 5 Some of these process servers once followed a practice of disposing of process given
 6 them to serve (e.g., by throwing it down a sewer) and then falsely returning that they had
 duly served it.⁴

7 2. This is an action under the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692 *et seq.* (hereinafter “FDCPA”) and the Rosenthal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, California Civil
 8 Code § 1788 *et seq.* (hereinafter “RFDCPA”) for actual damages, statutory damages, attorney fees and
 9 costs brought by an individual consumer against process servers who engage in “sewer service.”

10 3. While faithful process servers are exempted from the definition of “debt collector”
 11 under the FDCPA when they are in fact “serving or attempting to serve legal process,”⁵ “a process
 12 server who goes ‘beyond being merely being a messenger . . . and engages in prohibited abusive or
 13 harassing activities to force an individual to repay a debt’ cannot claim the exemption’s protections.”⁶

14 4. Therefore, the Defendants in this case – process servers that failed to serve court
 15 process entrusted to them and instead provide a perjured Proof of Service of Summons – are removed
 16 from the FDCPA’s process server exemption.⁷

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³ *Spiegel v. Judicial Atty. Servs.*, 2011 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 9350, *2 (N.D. Ill. Feb. 1, 2011).

22 ⁴ *Richardson v. Alliance Tire & Rubber Co.*, 158 F.R.D. 475, 480, fn. 5 (D. Kan. 1994), quoting, 1
 23 Robert C. Casad, *Jurisdiction in Civil Actions* § 3.017d (2nd ed. 1991).

24 ⁵ 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6)(d); *See generally, Sykes v. Mel Harris & Assocs., LLC*, 2010 U.S. Dist. LEXIS
 25 137461, 17 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 29, 2010), *citing Romea v. Heiberger & Assocs.*, 163 F.3d 111, 117 (2d Cir.
 1998) (“Thus, process servers whose involvement is merely ‘limited to serving the [debt collection]
 26 communication on the consumer – in effect, to being messengers’ – are exempt.”).

27 ⁶ *Sykes v. Mel Harris & Assocs., LLC*, 2010 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 137461, *18 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 29, 2010),
 28 *citing Flamm v. Sarner & Assoc., P.C.*, 2002 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 22255, 2002 WL 31618443, at *5 (E.D.
 Pa. Nov. 6, 2002).

29 ⁷ *Sykes v. Mel Harris & Assocs., LLC*, 2010 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 137461, 18 (S.D.N.Y. Dec. 29, 2010);
McNall v. Credit Bureau, 689 F. Supp. 2d 1265, 1278 (D. Or. 2010).

JURISDICTION

5. Jurisdiction of this Court arises under 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(d), 28 U.S.C. § 1337, and supplemental jurisdiction exists for the state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367. Declaratory relief is available pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202.

6. This action arises out of Defendants' violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692 *et seq.* ("FDCPA").

VENUE

7. Venue in this judicial district is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b), in that a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claim occurred in this judicial district. Venue is also proper in this judicial district pursuant to 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(d), in that Defendants transact business in this judicial district and the violations of the FDCPA complained of occurred in this judicial district.

INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT

8. This lawsuit should be assigned to the San Francisco/Oakland Division of this Court because a substantial part of the events or omissions which gave rise to this lawsuit occurred in Alameda County.

PARTIES

9. Plaintiff, RUBY NELL FREEMAN (hereinafter "Plaintiff"), is a natural person residing in Alameda County, California. Plaintiff is a "consumer" within the meaning of 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(3) and a "debtor" within the meaning of Cal. Civil Code § 1788.2(h).

10. Defendant, ABC LEGAL SERVICES, INC. (hereinafter "ABC LEGAL"), is a Washington corporation engaged in the business of composing and selling forms, documents and other collection media used or intended to be used for debt collection. ABC LEGAL's principal place of

1 business is located at: 633 Yesler Way, Seattle, Washington 98104. ABC LEGAL may be served at
 2 the address of its Agent for Service of Process at: ABC Legal Services, Inc., c/o Deann Rippy, Agent
 3 for Service of Process, 501 - 12th Street, Sacramento, California 95814. Plaintiff is informed, believes
 4 and thereon alleges, that ABC LEGAL is a corporation subject to the registration and other provisions
 5 found in Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 22350-22360. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges,
 6 that ABC LEGAL has not filed or maintained a verified certificate of registration as a process server
 7 with the county clerk of the county in which ABC LEGAL has its principal place of business, as
 8 required by Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 22350. ABC LEGAL is regularly engaged in the business of
 9 indirectly collecting consumer debts and assisting other debt collectors to file and maintain civil debt
 10 collection lawsuits and to obtain default judgments in those cases by utilizing the U.S. Mail, telephone
 11 and internet. ABC LEGAL regularly collects, directly or indirectly, consumer debts alleged to be due
 12 to another via U.S. Mail, telephone, internet, and civil debt collection lawsuits. ABC LEGAL is a “debt
 13 collector” within the meaning of 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6) and Cal. Civil Code § 1788.2(c). ABC LEGAL
 14 is not subject to the exception of 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6)(D). ABC LEGAL is vicariously liable to
 15 Plaintiff for the acts of SMITH.⁸

16 11. Defendant, GRANVILLE EWING SMITH, III (hereinafter “SMITH”), is a
 17 natural person and is or was an employee and/or agent of ABC LEGAL at all relevant times. SMITH is
 18 in the business of composing and selling of forms, documents and other collection media used or
 19 intended to be used for debt collection. SMITH may be served at his current business address:

20 ⁸ Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 22356. (“A registrant shall be responsible at all times for the good conduct
 21 of his or her employees acting within the course or scope of their employment, and any person acting as
 22 an independent contractor within the course or scope of the agency relationship with the registrant.”),
 23 *See also, Police v. National Tax Funding, L.P.*, 225 F.3d 379, 404 (3d Cir. 2000) (“an entity which itself
 24 meets the definition of ‘debt collector’ may be held vicariously liable for unlawful collection activities
 25 carried out by another on its behalf.”); *Fox v. Citicorp Credit Servs.*, 15 F.3d 1507, 1516 (9th Cir. 1994);
 26 *Martinez v. Albuquerque Collection Servs.*, 867 F. Supp. 1495, 1502 (D. N.M. 1994) (“Debt collectors
 27 employing attorneys or other agents to carry out debt collection practices that violate the FDCPA are
 28 vicariously liable for their agent’s conduct”).

1 Granville Ewing Smith, III, ABC Legal Services, Inc., 304 - 12th Street, Suite 4A, Oakland, California
2 94607, and at his current residence address: Granville Ewing Smith, III, 3090 Shane Drive, San Pablo,
3 California 94806-2625. SMITH is a registered process server regularly engaged in the business of
4 indirectly collecting consumer debts by assisting the other debt collectors to file and maintain civil debt
5 collection lawsuits and to obtain default judgments in those cases by utilizing the U.S. Mail, telephone
6 and internet. SMITH regularly collects, directly or indirectly, consumer debts alleged to be due to
7 another via U.S. Mail, telephone, internet, and civil debt collection lawsuits. SMITH is a "debt
8 collector" within the meaning of 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6) and Cal. Civil Code § 1788.2(c). SMITH is not
9 subject to the exception of 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6)(D).

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11 12. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate or
13 otherwise, of Defendants DOES 1 through 10, inclusive, and each of them, are unknown to Plaintiff at
14 this time, and Plaintiff therefore sues said Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff is informed,
15 believes and thereon alleges, that at all relevant times alleged in this Complaint, Defendants DOES 1
16 through 10, inclusive, are natural persons, limited liability companies, corporations or business entities
17 of unknown form that have or are doing business in the state of California. Plaintiff will seek leave of
18 the Court to replace the fictitious names of these Doe Defendants with their true names when they are
19 discovered by Plaintiff.

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21 13. At all relevant times alleged in this Complaint, Defendants, and each of them,
22 were regularly engaged in the business of collecting consumer debts throughout the state of California,
23 including Alameda County, by assisting the other debt collectors file and maintain civil debt collection
24 lawsuits and to obtain default judgments in those cases by utilizing the U.S. Mail, telephone and
25 internet.

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27 14. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that each and all of the
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1 aforementioned Defendants are responsible in some manner, either by act or omission, strict liability,
2 fraud, deceit, fraudulent concealment, negligence, respondeat superior, breach of contract or otherwise,
3 for the occurrences herein alleged, and that Plaintiff's injuries, as herein alleged, were proximately
4 caused by the conduct of Defendants.

5 15. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that at all relevant times alleged
6 in this Complaint, each of the Defendants sued herein was the agent, servant, employer, joint venturer,
7 partner, division, owner, subsidiary, alias, assignee and/or alter-ego of each of the remaining
8 Defendants and was at all times acting within the purpose and scope of such agency, servitude, joint
9 venture, division, ownership, subsidiary, alias, alter-ego, partnership or employment and with the
10 authority, consent, approval and ratification of each remaining Defendant.

11 16. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that at all relevant times alleged
12 in this Complaint, Defendants, and each of them, combined their property, skill or knowledge to carry
13 out a single business undertaking and agreed to share the control, profits and losses.

14 17. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that at all relevant times alleged
15 in this Complaint, each Defendant was the co-conspirator, agent, servant, employee, assignee and/or
16 joint venturer of each of the other Defendants and was acting within the course and scope of said
17 conspiracy, agency, employment, assignment and/or joint venture and with the permission and consent
18 of each of the other Defendants.

19 18. Whenever reference is made in this Complaint to any act of any corporate or other
20 business Defendant, that reference shall mean that the corporation or other business did the acts alleged
21 in this Complaint through its officers, directors, employees, agents and/or representatives while they
22 were acting within the actual or ostensible scope of their authority.

23 19. At all relevant times alleged in this Complaint, each Defendant has committed the
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1 acts, caused others to commit the acts, ratified the commission of the acts, or permitted others to
2 commit the acts alleged in this Complaint and has made, caused, ratified, or permitted others to make,
3 the untrue or misleading statements alleged in this Complaint. Whenever reference is made in this
4 Complaint to any act of Defendants, such allegation shall mean that each Defendant acted individually
5 and jointly with the other Defendants.

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7 **JOINT VENTURE**

8 20. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that at all relevant times alleged
9 in this Complaint, Defendants, and each of them, combined their property, skill or knowledge to carry
10 out a single business undertaking and agreed to share the control, profits and losses.

11 21. Specifically, Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that:

12 a. ABC LEGAL is a Washington corporation engaged in the businesses of
13 manufacturing and selling process server returns and other debt collection related activities in
14 the State of California. Through the use of the U.S. Mail, telephone and the internet, ABC
15 LEGAL advertises and markets process service and other legal support services to attorneys,
16 law firms, debt collectors, government agencies and the general public. ABC LEGAL provides
17 the telephones, facsimile machines, computers, software and other equipment, support staff and
18 facilities used by SMITH and the enterprise for their process server return manufacturing
19 activities. ABC LEGAL composes the process server returns sold by the enterprise using its
20 own computer systems and the data which is input into its computer systems via its website
21 (www.abclegal.com) by its customers, like CIR Law Offices, and its process server agents, like
22 SMITH. ABC LEGAL also acts as the public face for the enterprise through its advertising,
23 marketing, customer support and customer billing for the enterprise's services. ABC LEGAL
24 provided SMITH and the enterprise with its address and the marketing, customer billing,
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1 computers and other support infrastructure that was needed to manufacture and sell the Proof of
2 Service of Summons to CIR Law Office for use in the state court lawsuit against Plaintiff. ABC
3 LEGAL provides advertising, marketing, address and its support staff, equipment and facilities
4 to the enterprise and in return receives a share of the profits realized by the enterprise from their
5 process server return manufacturing activities. Notwithstanding its use of ABC LEGAL's
6 address and telephone number on the process server returns manufactured and sold by the
7 enterprise, ABC LEGAL will not accept service of process for SMITH or any of its other
8 process server agents, thereby acting as a litigation shield should one of its process server agents
9 be sued for their unlawful activities.

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11 b. SMITH is an individual and a registered process server in Alameda County.
12 SMITH lent his name, facsimile signature and the legitimacy of his process server registration
13 number to the enterprise for use on the Proof of Service of Summons that was manufactured and
14 sold to CIR Law Office and used in the state court lawsuit against Plaintiff. Without SMITH
15 and other registered process servers and the facial legitimacy of their registration numbers, ABC
16 LEGAL could not market and sell process server returns like the Proof of Service of Summons
17 that was manufactured and sold to CIR Law Office for use in the state court case against
18 Plaintiff. SMITH and other registered process servers provide the facial legitimacy of their
19 process server registrations to the enterprise and in return receive a share of the profits realized
20 by the enterprise from their process server return manufacturing activities.

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22 22. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that process server services are
23 an integral part of ABC LEGAL's business and that ABC LEGAL could not offer such services without
24 its process server agents, like SMITH.

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AIDING AND ABETTING

23. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that at all relevant times alleged in this Complaint, ABC LEGAL aided and abetted the fraud, perjury, breach of official duty and other wrongful acts committed by SMITH.

24. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that ABC LEGAL marketed its Proof of Service of Summons product to law firms, debt collectors, government agencies and the general public, including CIR Law Office, as a legitimate and lawful service. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that ABC LEGAL represented or implied in its advertising, marketing and other materials that ABC LEGAL would ensure that the official court process entrusted to it would be duly, faithfully and lawfully served and delivered to lawsuit defendants, including the Plaintiff.

25. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that instead of duly, faithfully and lawfully delivering and serving the official court process entrusted to it, ABC LEGAL enlisted SMITH and other registered process server agents to manufacture process server returns – like the Proof of Service of Summons that was sold to CIR Law Offices and used in the state court lawsuit against the Plaintiff in this case.

26. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that ABC LEGAL willingly, knowingly and intentionally fails to place its name and process server registration number (if it has one) on the process server returns manufactured by SMITH and other process servers with the intent to misrepresent the true nature of the services being provided by ABC LEGAL and its process servers – like SMITH – and the joint responsibility of ABC LEGAL and SMITH, pursuant to Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 22356. Moreover, Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that ABC LEGAL willingly, knowingly and intentionally withheld its name and process server registration number from the Proof of Service of Summons that was sold to CIR Law Offices and used in the state court lawsuit

1 against the Plaintiff in this case (a violation of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 22356.5(a)) with the intent to
2 deceive the Plaintiff, CIR Law Office and the Superior Court of California. By providing registered
3 process servers, like SMITH, with its business address and telephone number for use on the process
4 server returns that the enterprise manufactures and sells, like the Proof of Service of Summons that was
5 sold to CIR Law Offices and used in the state court lawsuit against the Plaintiff in this case, and by
6 intentionally withholding its name and process server registration number (if it has one), ABC LEGAL
7 aided and abetted the fraud, perjury, breach of official duty and other wrongful acts committed by
8 SMITH against the Plaintiff.

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10 27. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that ABC LEGAL authorized,
11 uses, and ratified the use of its address and telephone number on process server returns manufactured
12 and sold by the enterprise with the intent to shield its process server agents, like SMITH, from service
13 of process should they be sued for their unlawful activities. Notwithstanding its use of ABC LEGAL's
14 address and telephone number on the process server returns manufactured and sold by the enterprise,
15 ABC LEGAL will not accept service of process for SMITH or any of its other process server agents
16 when service of process is attempted at the address provided on their Proof of Service of Summons
17 documents.

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19 28. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that ABC LEGAL maintains
20 digital facsimile signatures of its process server agents, including SMITH, within its computer systems.
21 ABC LEGAL uses these digital facsimile signatures in its process server return manufacturing
22 activities. By its use of digital facsimile signatures, ABC LEGAL is able to efficiently manufacture
23 process server returns which facially appear to have been "signed" by its process server agents, but
24 which were never actually signed under penalty of perjury as required by California law. Plaintiff is
25 informed, believes and thereon alleges, that ABC LEGAL places the legend "BY FAX" on its Proof of
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1 Service of Summons documents with the intent to purposefully evade the document signing
 2 requirements of imposed under California law for such documents.⁹

3 29. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that at all relevant times alleged
 4 in this Complaint, ABC LEGAL knew that fraud, perjury, breach of official duty and other wrongful
 5 acts were being committed by SMITH against the Plaintiff and others. In fact, ABC LEGAL gave
 6 substantial assistance and encouragement to SMITH by producing fully completed Proof of Service of
 7 Summons documents which contain SMITH's facsimile signature and ABC LEGAL's address and
 8 telephone number instead of SMITH's address and telephone number. Plaintiff is informed, believes
 9 and thereon alleges, that neither SMITH or any of ABC LEGAL's other process server agents actually
 10 sign the completed Proof of Service of Summons documents sold by ABC LEGAL.

11 30. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that at all relevant times alleged
 12 in this Complaint, ABC LEGAL effectively controlled its process server agents, including SMITH, by
 13 *inter alia*:

14 a. choosing which assignments each process server agent will receive (i.e.,
 15 controlling what work must be preformed by a specific individual);

16 b. requiring personal performance of the tasks assigned to its process server
 17 agents (i.e., controlling what work must be preformed by a specific individual);

18 c. forbidding or severely restricting its process server agents' ability to

23 9 "When a document to be filed requires the signature, under penalty of perjury, of any person, the
 24 document shall be deemed to have been signed by that person if filed electronically and **if a printed**
 25 **form of the document has been signed by that person** prior to, or on the same day as, the date of
 26 filing. The attorney or person filing the document represents, by the act of filing, that the declarant has
 27 complied with this section. **The attorney or person filing the document shall maintain the printed**
 28 **form of the document bearing the original signature** and make it available for review and copying
 upon the request of the court or any party to the action or proceeding in which it is filed." Cal. Code of
 Civil Procedure § 1010.6(a)(2)(B) (emphasis added); *see also*, Cal. Rules of Court, Rule 2.305(a) ("A
 party who files or serves a signed document by fax under the rules in this chapter represents that the
 original signed document is in the party's possession or control.").

1 substitute or assign their performance of the assigned tasks (i.e., controlling what work must be
 2 preformed by a specific individual);

3 d. requiring the use of GPS tracking devices for its process server agents (i.e.,
 4 controlling what tools and equipment must be used to preform the assigned tasks);

5 e. requiring detailed real-time reporting to ABC LEGAL of all service
 6 attempts made by its process server agents (i.e., controlling the manner in which the assigned
 7 tasks are performed and requiring regular written reports);

8 f. requiring the use of ABC LEGAL's computer systems and software for the
 9 performance of its process server agents' assigned duties (i.e., controlling what tools and
 10 equipment must be used to preform the assigned tasks and the manner in which the assigned
 11 tasks are performed); and

12 g. requiring its process server agents maintain specified minimum automobile
 13 liability insurance and \$1,000,000 in professional liability insurance coverage, that ABC
 14 LEGAL be named as as additional insured in all such insurance policies and requiring
 15 immediate notification from its process server agents should said insurance policies be canceled
 16 or not renewed (i.e., controlling business practices and decisions).

17 31. Through the use of the GPS tracking devices all ABC LEGAL process server
 18 agents are required to carry and the real-time reporting and tracking data that these devices provide,
 19 ABC LEGAL is able to track in real-time the movements of all its process server agents.

20 32. ABC LEGAL's conduct was a substantial factor in causing the harm to Plaintiff.
 21 ABC LEGAL should be held responsible as an aider and abettor for the fraud, breach of official duty
 22 and other wrongful acts committed by SMITH against the Plaintiff.

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RATIFICATION

33. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that ABC LEGAL is responsible for the harm caused by SMITH's unlawful conduct because ABC LEGAL approved SMITH's unlawful conduct after it occurred.

34. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that SMITH intended to act on behalf of ABC LEGAL when he provided ABC LEGAL with a digital facsimile of his signature with the knowledge that ABC LEGAL would use his digital signature on process server returns.

35. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that SMITH intended to act on behalf of ABC LEGAL when he accepted the assignment from ABC LEGAL to serve the state court process on Plaintiff.

36. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that SMITH intended to act on behalf of ABC LEGAL when he subsequently failed to serve the state court process on Plaintiff that had been entrusted to him and instead provided false and fraudulent information to ABC LEGAL regarding the completion of his assignment.

37. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that ABC LEGAL learned of SMITH's failure to faithfully serve the state court process that ABC LEGAL had entrusted to him after it occurred.

38. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that ABC LEGAL approved SMITH's unlawful conduct by voluntarily keeping the benefits of SMITH's unlawful conduct after learning of the conduct.

39. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that ABC LEGAL approved SMITH's unlawful conduct as alleged in this case by continuing to employ SMITH and continuing to assign process server assignments to SMITH after learning that SMITH had engaged in sewer service.

40. As a result of ABC LEGAL's ratification of SMITH's unlawful conduct, ABC
LEGAL is liable to Plaintiff for all damages alleged in this case.

NONDELEGABLE DUTY

41. California Business and Professions Code § 22356 provides as follows:

A registrant shall be responsible at all times for the good conduct of his or her employees acting within the course or scope of their employment, and any person acting as an independent contractor within the course or scope of the agency relationship with the registrant.

42. By enacting this statute, the California legislature sought to implement specific safeguards for the general public to insure that process server agencies like ABC LEGAL faithfully and honestly carry out their responsibilities to the courts of California and to the general public.

43. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that SMITH was acting within the course and scope of his agency relationship with ABC LEGAL at all times alleged in this Complaint.

44. ABC LEGAL had a nondelegable duty to Plaintiff to ensure that the state court process entrusted to it were faithfully served on Plaintiff and that its agents did not engage in sewer service.

45. Because ABC LEGAL could not delegate to SMITH its duty to faithfully and honestly serve Plaintiff with the state court process entrusted to it, ABC LEGAL is liable to Plaintiff for all damages alleged in this case.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

46. On a date or dates unknown to Plaintiff, Plaintiff is alleged to have incurred a financial obligation, namely a consumer credit account (hereinafter “the alleged debt”). The alleged debt was incurred primarily for personal, family or household purposes and is therefore a “debt” as that term is defined by 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(5) and a “consumer debt” as that term is defined by Cal. Civil

1 Code § 1788.2(f).

2 47. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that sometime thereafter on
 3 a date unknown to Plaintiff, the alleged debt was consigned, sold or otherwise transferred to Unifund
 4 CCR Partners.

5 48. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that sometime thereafter on
 6 a date unknown to Plaintiff, the alleged debt was consigned, placed or otherwise assigned to CIR Law
 7 Office, LLP (hereinafter “CIR Law Office”), for collection from Plaintiff.

8 49. On June 17, 2010, CIR Law Office filed a lawsuit against Plaintiff in the Superior
 9 Court of Alameda County, captioned *Unifund CCR Partners v. Ruby Freeman, et al.*, and assigned
 10 Case No. RG10520783 (hereinafter “the state court action”), in an attempt to collect the alleged debt.

11 50. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that CIR Law Office
 12 thereafter engaged ABC LEGAL to duly and faithfully serve legal process in the state court action upon
 13 Plaintiff, by delivering to Plaintiff a copy of the state court Summons and Complaint.

14 51. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that on or about June 20,
 15 2010, ABC LEGAL composed a document titled Proof of Service of Summons in which Defendants
 16 represented, under penalty of perjury, that SMITH had **personally served** Plaintiff with a copy of the
 17 Summons, Complaint, Affidavit of Venue, Civil Case Cover Sheet and Alternative Dispute Resolution
 18 Packet in the state court action on June 19, 2010, at 3:34 p.m. Thereafter, ABC LEGAL caused the
 19 Proof of Service of Summons to be filed with the Clerk of the Superior Court in the state court action
 20 on June 25, 2010. A true and correct copy of the Proof of Service of Summons filed in the state court
 21 action is attached hereto, marked as Exhibit “1,” and by this reference is incorporated herein.

22 52. Despite the representations made by Defendants in their Proof of Service of
 23 Summons (Exhibit “1”), Plaintiff was not served personally, or otherwise, with a copy of the Summons

1 and Complaint in the state court action. The Proof of Service of Summons documents composed by
 2 ABC LEGAL appears facially valid – indeed, ABC LEGAL’s very purpose is to pass facial review –
 3 hoping the fraud goes undetected until the debtor discovers the fraudulent proof of service after a
 4 default judgment has been entered, as happened in this case.
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6 53. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that the address used on the
 7 Proof of Service of Summons (Exhibit “1”), (i.e., 304 12th Street, Suite 4A, Oakland, CA 94607) is the
 8 business address of ABC LEGAL and not the address of SMITH as represented in the document.
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10 54. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that the telephone number
 11 used on the Proof of Service of Summons (Exhibit “1”), (i.e., 510-832-0701) is the business telephone
 12 number of ABC LEGAL and not the telephone number of SMITH as represented in the document.
 13

14 55. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that the Proof of Service of
 15 Summons (Exhibit “1”) bears the facsimile signature of SMITH. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and
 16 thereon alleges that SMITH provided ABC LEGAL with his facsimile signature for use on process
 17 server returns and that ABC LEGAL used SMITH’s facsimile signature to produce the Proof of Service
 18 of Summons (Exhibit “1”) in this case.
 19

20 56. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that the Proof of Service of
 21 Summons (Exhibit “1”) bears an order number (i.e., 8589497) that was issued by ABC LEGAL for use
 22 in tracking the service of process order requested by CIR Law Office. Plaintiff is informed and
 23 believes, and thereon alleges that ABC LEGAL also uses the order number for accounting and billing
 24 purposes.
 25

26 57. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that Defendants, acting
 27 together, knowingly and willfully composed and sold CIR Law Office the Proof of Service of
 28 Summons (Exhibit “1”) containing false statements regarding their service of court process in the state

1 court action.

2 58. According to the Proof of Service of Summons (Exhibit "1"), Defendants, acting
 3 together, sold the process server return to CIR Law Office for \$69.50.

4 59. On October 29, 2010, four months after Defendants composed and filed their false
 5 Proof of Service of Summons (Exhibit "1") in the state court action, CIR Law Office requested and was
 6 granted a Default Judgment by the Clerk of the Superior Court based on Defendants' false process
 7 server return.

8 60. Thereafter, Plaintiff discovered that a lawsuit had been filed against her and that a
 9 Judgment had been entered. Upon learning of the state court action, Plaintiff retained legal counsel and
 10 obtained a copy of the state court's file at her own expense. In her review of the state court file,
 11 Plaintiff first learned that Defendants had composed and filed their false Proof of Service of Summons
 12 (Exhibit "1"). Plaintiff discovered that Defendants' Proof of Service of Summons (Exhibit "1")
 13 represented that she had been personally served with a copy of the state court Summons, Complaint,
 14 Affidavit of Venue, Civil Case Cover Sheet and Alternative Dispute Resolution Packet at: 678 - 29th
 15 Street, Apt. 3, Oakland, California on June 19, 2010. In fact, no one came to Plaintiff's door or
 16 attempted to serve her copies of the state court process on June 19, 2010.

17 61. On or about November 3, 2010, Plaintiff's counsel sent a letter to CIR Law Office
 18 requesting a stipulation to set aside the Entry of Default and Default Judgment that had been entered
 19 against Plaintiff in the state court action based on Defendants' false Proof of Service of Summons
 20 (Exhibit "1"). When CIR Law Office refused to stipulate, Plaintiff was required to file a Motion to Set
 21 Aside the state court Entry of Default and Default Judgment at her own expense. Instead of opposing
 22 Plaintiff's Motion to Set Aside the state court Entry of Default and Default Judgment, CIR Law Office
 23 dismissed the state court case against Plaintiff without prejudice on December 13, 2010.

ABC LEGAL's Business Practices

62. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that ABC LEGAL composes and sells process server returns, like the Proof of Service of Summons (Exhibit “1”) in this case, on a flat rate or fixed fee basis. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that ABC LEGAL pays its process servers using a similar flat rate or fixed fee compensation system. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that ABC LEGAL will pay SMITH and other process servers only for service attempts that are reported as completed and will pay substantially less or nothing at all for service that is not reported as completed. Because ABC LEGAL’s process servers are not paid for unsuccessful service attempts, process servers like SMITH have a strong financial incentive to falsify process server returns. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that ABC LEGAL knowingly promotes the use of false process server returns through its flat rate or fixed fee compensation system.

63. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that ABC LEGAL charges substantially less than the published rates of many of its San Francisco Bay Area competitors for process server services. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that ABC LEGAL's lower market rates can only be achieved by use of a flat rate or fixed fee compensation system for its process servers. Such business practices create a rush to the bottom by forcing competitors to lower the fees paid to their more scrupulous process servers or go out of business. More false process server returns from all process server agencies is the inevitable result of such anti-compleitive business practices. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that ABC LEGAL effectively sells sewer service, by underbidding the true costs of proper service.

64. Debt collection law firms and debt buyers plainly benefit from the sewer service provided by unscrupulous process servers like the Defendants in this case. By not serving consumer

1 debt defendants, debt collection firms like CIR Law Office and debt buyers like Unifund CCR Partners
 2 are able to generate thousands of judgments by default on cases where they could never prevail on the
 3 merits because they do not have evidence to make out a *prima facie* case. Once default judgments are
 4 fraudulently obtained, they are used to levy consumer's bank accounts, garnish their wages, seize their
 5 property, damage their credit reports, and/or pressure them into unaffordable payment plans.
 6

7 65. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that Defendants'
 8 composition and sale of a perjured Proof of Service of Summons (Exhibit "1") violates California Code
 9 of Civil Procedure § 417.10.

10 66. Under California law the return of a registered process server "establishes a
 11 presumption, affecting the burden of producing evidence, of the facts stated in the return."¹⁰ "The
 12 effect of a presumption affecting the burden of producing evidence is to require the trier of fact to
 13 assume the existence of the presumed fact unless and until evidence is introduced which would support
 14 a finding of its nonexistence. . ."¹¹ Defendants' composition and sale of a perjured process server
 15 returns, like the Proof of Service of Summons (Exhibit "1") in this case, is facilitated and aided by the
 16 evidentiary presumption California law provides to faithful process servers. In fact, Defendants in this
 17 case are perversely protected by and rely on the extreme procedural and evidentiary burdens that are
 18 imposed on litigants who are the victims of sewer service. Such litigants are faced with the nearly
 19 impossible "burden of providing strong and convincing evidence of non-service."¹² Because "a mere
 20 allegation that process was not served, without some additional showing of evidence is insufficient to
 21 refute the validity of an affidavit of service,"¹³ victims of sewer service, like Plaintiff in this case, are
 22
 23
 24
 25
 26

¹⁰ Cal. Evid. Code § 647.

¹¹ Cal. Evid. Code § 604.

¹² *Collagen Nutraceuticals, Inc. v. Neocell Corp.*, 2010 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 98229, *3-4.

¹³ *Id.*

1 ultimately required to prove a negative;¹⁴ they must prove that an event never occurred and their own
 2 sworn testimony of non-service is not enough to meet their evidentiary burden. Because of this
 3 procedural and evidentiary imbalance, the unlawful conduct alleged in this Complaint is particularly
 4 reprehensible.
 5

6 67. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendants have
 7 composed and sold false and misleading Proof of Service of Summons documents in the form of
 8 Exhibit “1” more than 40 times in California in the one year preceding the filing of this Complaint.
 9 Therefore, Plaintiff may seek leave to amend this Complaint to add class allegations at a later date.
 10

11 **CLAIMS**

12 **FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT**

13 68. Plaintiff brings the first claim for relief against Defendants under the Fair Debt
 14 Collection Practices Act (“FDCPA”), 15 U.S.C. § 1692 *et seq.*
 15

16 69. Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs in this Complaint as though fully set forth
 17 herein.
 18

19 70. Plaintiff is a “consumer” as that term is defined by the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. §
 1692a(3).
 20

21 71. Defendant, ABC LEGAL, is a “debt collector” as that term is defined by the
 22 FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6).
 23

24 72. Defendant, ABC LEGAL, is not subject to the exception of 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6)
 25 (D).
 26

27 73. Defendant, SMITH, is a “debt collector” as that term is defined by the FDCPA, 15
 28 U.S.C. § 1692a(6).
 29

¹⁴ *Elkins v. United States*, 364 U.S. 206, 218 (1960) (“as a practical matter it is never easy to prove a negative”).

1 74. Defendant, SMITH, is not subject to the exception of 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(6)(D).

2 75. The financial obligation sought to be collected from Plaintiff in the state court
3 action is a “debt” as that term is defined by the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692a(5).

4 76. Defendants violated the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692d, 1692e, 1692e(2), 1692e(10)
5 and 1692f by making false and misleading representations, and engaging in unfair and abusive
6 practices. Defendants’ violations include, but are not limited to:

7 a. Manufacturing and selling a fraudulent Proof of Service of Summons that
8 falsely stated that Plaintiff was personally served with a Summons and Complaint when in fact
9 she was not;

10 b. Manufacturing and selling fraudulent, deceptive, and misleading statements
11 and documents which are used in the collection of consumer debts;

12 c. Knowingly and intentionally withholding their true name and process server
13 registration numbers from process server returns, in violation of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §
14 22356.5(a), with the intent to deceive;

15 d. Knowingly and intentionally withholding their true name and process server
16 registration numbers from process server returns, in violation of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §
17 22356.5(a), with the intent to misrepresent the true nature of the services being provided;

18 e. Knowingly and intentionally withholding their true name and process server
19 registration numbers from process server returns, in violation of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §
20 22356.5(a), with the intent to conceal and obscure their joint responsibility for service of
21 process irregularities pursuant to Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 22356; and

22 f. Aiding, abetting and ratifying the fraud, perjury, breach of official duty and
23 other wrongful acts committed by the other Defendants in this case.

1 77. Defendants' acts as described above were done intentionally with the purpose of
 2 coercing Plaintiff to pay the alleged debt.

3 78. As a result of Defendants' violations of the FDCPA, Plaintiff is entitled to an
 4 award of actual damages, statutory damages, costs and reasonable attorneys fees, pursuant to 15 U.S.C.
 5 § 1692k.

6 **ROSENTHAL FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT**

7 79. Plaintiff brings the second claim for relief against Defendants under the Rosenthal
 8 Fair Debt Collection Practices Act ("RFDCPA"), California Civil Code §§ 1788-1788.33.

9 80. Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs in this Complaint as though fully set forth
 10 herein.

11 81. Plaintiff is a "debtor" as that term is defined by the RFDCPA, Cal. Civil Code §
 12 1788.2(h).

13 82. Defendant, ABC LEGAL, is a "debt collector" as that term is defined by the
 14 RFDCPA, Cal. Civil Code § 1788.2(c).

15 83. Defendant, SMITH, is a "debt collector" as that term is defined by the RFDCPA,
 16 Cal. Civil Code § 1788.2(c).

17 84. The financial obligation sought to be collected from Plaintiff in the state court
 18 action is a "consumer debt" as that term is defined by the RFDCPA, Cal. Civil Code § 1788.2(f).

19 85. Defendants violated the RFDCPA, Cal. Civil Code §§ 1788.13(i), 1788.14(b),
 20 1788.15(a) and 1788.17 by making false and misleading representations, and engaging in unfair and
 21 abusive practices. Defendants' violations include, but are not limited to:

22 a. Manufacturing and selling a fraudulent Proof of Service of Summons that
 23 falsely stated that Plaintiff was personally served with a Summons and Complaint when in fact
 24

1 she was not;

2 b. Manufacturing and selling fraudulent, deceptive, and misleading statements
3 and documents which are used in the collection of consumer debts;

4 c. Knowingly and intentionally withholding their true name and process server
5 registration numbers from process server returns, in violation of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §
6 22356.5(a), with the intent to deceive;

7 d. Knowingly and intentionally withholding their true name and process server
8 registration numbers from process server returns, in violation of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §
9 22356.5(a), with the intent to misrepresent the true nature of the services being provided;

10 e. Knowingly and intentionally withholding their true name and process server
11 registration numbers from process server returns, in violation of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §
12 22356.5(a), with the intent to conceal and obscure their joint responsibility for service of
13 process irregularities pursuant to Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 22356; and

14 f. Aiding, abetting and ratifying the fraud, perjury, breach of official duty and
15 other wrongful acts committed by the other Defendants in this case.

16 86. Defendants' acts as described above were done willfully and knowingly with the
17 purpose of coercing Plaintiff to pay the alleged debt, within the meaning of Cal. Civil Code §
18 1788.30(b).

19 87. As a result of Defendants' violations of the RFDCPA, Plaintiff is entitled to an
20 award of actual damages in an amount to be determined at trial, pursuant to Cal. Civil Code §
21 1788.30(a).

22 88. As a result of Defendants' willful and knowing violations of the RFDCPA,
23 Plaintiff is entitled to an award of a statutory penalty in an amount not less than one hundred dollars
24

(\$100) nor greater than one thousand dollars (\$1,000) against each Defendant, pursuant to Cal. Civil Code § 1788.30(b).

89. As a result of Defendants' violations of the RFDCPA, Plaintiff is entitled to an award of statutory damages in an amount not exceeding \$1,000 against each Defendant, pursuant to Cal. Civil Code § 1788.17.¹⁵

90. As a result of Defendants' violations of the RFDCPA, Plaintiff is entitled to an award of reasonable attorney's fees and costs pursuant to Cal. Civil Code §§ 1788.30(c) and 1788.17.¹⁶

91. Pursuant to Cal. Civil Code § 1788.32, the remedies provided under the RFDCPA are intended to be cumulative and in addition to any other procedures, rights or remedies that the Plaintiff may have under any other provision of law.

CALIFORNIA BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE § 17200

92. Plaintiff brings the third claim for relief against Defendants for their unlawful business acts and/or practices pursuant to California Business and Professions Code § 17200 *et seq.*, which prohibits all unlawful business acts and/or practices.

93. Plaintiff incorporates all paragraphs in this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

94. The unlawful acts and practices of Defendants alleged above constitute unlawful business acts and/or practices within the meaning of California Business and Professions Code § 17200 *et seq.*

95. By engaging in the above-described acts and practices, Defendants have committed one or more acts of unfair competition within the meaning of California Business and Professions Code § 17200 *et seq.*

¹⁵ 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a)(2)(A).

¹⁶ 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a)(3).

1 96. Defendants' unlawful business acts and/or practices as alleged herein have
 2 violated numerous laws and/or regulations and said predicate acts are therefore *per se* violations of §
 3 17200 *et seq.* These predicate unlawful business acts and/or practices include Defendants' composition
 4 and sale of a perjured Proof of Service of Summons (Exhibit "1"), in violation of California Code of
 5 Civil Procedure § 417.10. Additionally, as described in more detail above, Defendants violated 15
 6 U.S.C. §§ 1692d, 1692e, 1692e(2), 1692e(10), 1692f and Cal. Civil Code §§ 1788.13(i), 1788.14(b),
 7 1788.15(a) and 1788.17 by,

8 a. Manufacturing and selling a fraudulent Proof of Service of Summons that
 9 falsely stated that Plaintiff was personally served with a Summons and Complaint when in fact
 10 she was not;

11 b. Manufacturing and selling fraudulent, deceptive, and misleading statements
 12 and documents which are used in the collection of consumer debts;

13 c. Knowingly and intentionally withholding their true name and process server
 14 registration numbers from process server returns, in violation of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §
 15 22356.5(a), with the intent to deceive;

16 d. Knowingly and intentionally withholding their true name and process server
 17 registration numbers from process server returns, in violation of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §
 18 22356.5(a), with the intent to misrepresent the true nature of the services being provided;

19 e. Knowingly and intentionally withholding their true name and process server
 20 registration numbers from process server returns, in violation of Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §
 21 22356.5(a), with the intent to conceal and obscure their joint responsibility for service of
 22 process irregularities pursuant to Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 22356; and

23 f. Aiding, abetting and ratifying the fraud, perjury, breach of official duty and

1 other wrongful acts committed by the other Defendants in this case.

2 97. Defendants' misconduct, as alleged herein, gives Defendants an unfair competitive
3 advantage over their competitors.

4 98. The unlawful acts and practices, as fully described herein, present a continuing
5 threat to members of the public to be misled and/or deceived by Defendants as described herein.
6 Plaintiff and other members of the general public have no other remedy at law that will prevent
7 Defendants' misconduct, as alleged herein, from occurring and/or reoccurring in the future.

8 99. As a direct and proximate result of Defendants' unlawful conduct alleged herein,
9 Plaintiff has sustained actual pecuniary loss in that she was required to obtain a copy of the state court's
10 file and pay an attorney to have the default judgment against her set aside and vacated. Plaintiff is a
11 direct victim of Defendants' unlawful conduct, as alleged herein, and has suffered and injury in fact and
12 has lost money or property as a result of Defendants' unfair competition.

13 100. Plaintiff is entitled to declaratory relief and a permanent injunction enjoining
14 Defendants from their unlawful activity.

15 **REQUEST FOR RELIEF**

16 Plaintiff requests that this Court:

17 a) Assume jurisdiction in this proceeding;

18 b) Declare that Defendants violated the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. §§
19 1692d, 1692e, 1692e(2), 1692e(10) and 1692f;

20 c) Declare that Defendants violated the Rosenthal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, Cal.
21 Civil Code §§ 1788.13(i), 1788.14(b), 1788.15(a) and 1788.17;

22 d) Award Plaintiff actual damages in an amount to be determined at trial, pursuant to 15
23 U.S.C. § 1692k(a)(1) and Cal. Civil Code § 1788.30(a);

24

1 e) Award Plaintiff statutory damages in an amount not exceeding \$1,000, pursuant to 15
 2 U.S.C. § 1692k(a)(2)(A);

3 f) Award Plaintiff a statutory penalty in an amount not less than \$100 nor greater than
 4 \$1,000 against each Defendant, pursuant to Cal. Civil Code § 1788.30(b);

5 g) Award Plaintiff statutory damages in an amount not exceeding \$1,000 against each
 6 Defendant, pursuant to Cal. Civil Code § 1788.17;¹⁷

7 h) Enter a mandatory injunction requiring Defendants to permanently cease all unlawful
 8 practices complained of in this action and impose affirmative injunctive relief requiring
 9 Defendants, their partners, agents, employees and all persons acting in concert or
 10 participating with them, to take affirmative action to immediately implement policies
 11 designed to ensure: (i) that no process server returns contain false information, (ii) that
 12 all Defendants' process server returns comply fully with Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §
 13 22356.5(a), (iii) that a monitoring system for process servers be implemented and
 14 maintained, (iv) training and testing all of Defendants' employees and agents regarding
 15 applicable service of process laws, (v) a reporting system be made available to
 16 Defendants' customers for reporting suspected service of process irregularities, and (vi)
 17 the institution of a disciplinary system that will investigate and immediately discipline,
 18 up to and including termination, any employee or agent that has been found to engage in
 19 sewer service;

20 i) Award Plaintiff the costs of this action and reasonable attorneys fees pursuant to 15
 21 U.S.C. § 1692k(a)(3) and Cal. Civil Code §§ 1021.5, 1788.17¹⁸ and 1788.30(c); and

22 j) Award Plaintiff such other and further relief as may be just and proper.

27
 28 ¹⁷ 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a)(2)(A).

¹⁸ 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(a)(3).

1 CONSUMER LAW CENTER, INC.
2

3 By: /s/ Fred W. Schwinn
4 Fred W. Schwinn (SBN 225575)
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8 Telephone Number: (408) 294-6100
9 Facsimile Number: (408) 294-6190
10 Email Address: fred.schwinn@sjconsumerlaw.com

11 Attorney for Plaintiff
12 RUBY NELL FREEMAN

13 **CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO CIVIL L.R. 3-16**

14 Pursuant to Civil L.R. 3-16, the undersigned certifies that as of this date, other than the named
15 parties, there is no such interest to report.

16 /s/ Fred W. Schwinn
17 Fred W. Schwinn, Esq.

18 **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

19 PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Plaintiff, RUBY NELL FREEMAN, hereby demands a trial by
20 jury of all triable issues of fact in the above-captioned case.

21 /s/ Fred W. Schwinn
22 Fred W. Schwinn, Esq.